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soluble salt of a compound of Formula (A) is dissolved in DMSO and then mixed with  $10\,\mathrm{mL}$  of 0.9% sterile saline. The mixture is incorporated into a dosage unit form suitable for administration by injection.

#### Example 6b

## Oral Composition

To prepare a pharmaceutical composition for oral delivery, 100 mg of a compound of Formula (A) is mixed with 750 mg of starch. The mixture is incorporated into an oral dosage unit for, such as a hard gelatin capsule, which is suitable for oral administration.

#### Example 6c

#### Sublingual (Hard Lozenge) Composition

To prepare a pharmaceutical composition for buccal delivery, such as a hard lozenge, mix 100 mg of a compound of Formula (A), with 420 mg of powdered sugar mixed, with 1.6 mL of light corn syrup, 2.4 mL distilled water, and 0.42 mL mint extract. The mixture is gently blended and poured into a mold to form a lozenge suitable for buccal administration.

#### Example 6d

#### Inhalation Composition

To prepare a pharmaceutical composition for inhalation delivery,  $20\,\mathrm{mg}$  of a compound of Formula (A) is mixed with 50 mg of anhydrous citric acid and  $100\,\mathrm{mL}$  of 0.9% sodium chloride solution. The mixture is incorporated into an inhalation delivery unit, such as a nebulizer, which is suitable for inhalation administration.

#### Example 6e

## Rectal Gel Composition

To prepare a pharmaceutical composition for rectal delivery, 100 mg of a compound of Formula (A) is mixed with 2.5 g of methylcelluose (1500 mPa), 100 mg of methylparapen, 5 g of glycerin and 100 mL of purified water. The resulting gel 45 mixture is then incorporated into rectal delivery units, such as syringes, which are suitable for rectal administration.

## Example 6f

# Topical Gel Composition

To prepare a pharmaceutical topical gel composition, 100 mg of a compound of Formula (A) is mixed with 1.75 g of hydroxypropyl celluose, 10 mL of propylene glycol, 10 mL of 55 isopropyl myristate and 100 mL of purified alcohol USP. The resulting gel mixture is then incorporated into containers, such as tubes, which are suitable for topic administration.

## Example 6g

#### Ophthalmic Solution Composition

To prepare a pharmaceutical opthalmic solution composition,  $100\,\mathrm{mg}$  of a compound of Formula (A) is mixed with  $0.9\,\mathrm{g}$  of NaCl in  $100\,\mathrm{mL}$  of purified water and filtered using a  $0.2\,\mathrm{micron}$  filter. The resulting isotonic solution is then incorposition.

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rated into ophthalmic delivery units, such as eye drop containers, which are suitable for ophthalmic administration.

It is understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application and scope of the appended claims. All publications, patents, and patent applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes.

What is claimed is:

1. A compound of Formula (D) having the structure:

Formula (D)

wherein:

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 $L_a$  is  $CH_2$ , O, NH or S;

Ar is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl;

Y is an optionally substituted group selected from among alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, and heteroaryl;

Z is C(=O), OC(=O), NRC(=O), C(=S),  $S(=O)_x$ ,  $OS(=O)_x$ ,  $NRS(=O)_x$ , where x is 1 or 2;

R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>8</sub> are each H; or

 $R_7$  and  $R_8$  taken together form a bond;

 $R_6$  is H;

R is H or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- **2**. The compound of claim **1**, wherein  $L_a$  is O.
- 3. The compound of claim 2, wherein Ar is phenyl.
- 4. The compound of claim 3, wherein:
- Z is C( $\Longrightarrow$ O), NHC( $\Longrightarrow$ O), or S( $\Longrightarrow$ O)<sub>2</sub>.
- 5. The compound of claim 4, wherein:

Y is a 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-membered cycloalkyl ring; or

Y is a 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7-membered heterocycloalkyl ring.

6. The compound of claim 1 selected from among:

1-(3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo [3,4-d] pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-yn-1-one; N-((1s, 4s)-4-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3, 4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)cyclohexyl)propiolamide; 1-(3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d] pyrimidin-1-yl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)prop-2-yn-1-one; 1-(4-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo [3,4-d] pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-yn-1-one; N-(2-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo [3,4-d] pyrimidin-1-yl)ethyl)propiolamide; N-(2-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl) ethyl)-N-methylpropiolamide; 1-(3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)